AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 18, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005-06 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1078

Introduced by Assembly Members Keene and Liu

February 22, 2005

An act to add Chapter 6.9.1 (commencing with Section 25400.10) to Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to contaminated property.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1078, as amended, Keene. Contaminated property: methamphetamine.

(1) Existing law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to take removal actions with respect to a hazardous substance that is an illegal controlled substance, a precursor of a controlled substance, or a material intended to be used in the unlawful manufacture of controlled substances, and the department is authorized to expend funds appropriated from the Illegal Drug Lab Cleanup Account in the General Fund for this purpose.

This bill would enact the "Methamphetamine Contaminated Property Cleanup Act of 2005" and define terms. The bill would require the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, on or before July 1, 2006, to establish a research program regarding hazardous chemicals that are used in methamphetamine laboratory activities and would require the Department of Toxic Substances Control, on or before January 1, 2007, to adopt regulations for preliminary site assessment criteria, and cleanup and remediation. The bill would specify the human occupancy standards for property that is subject to the act, and those standards would remain in effect until the effective date of the regulations the Department of Toxic Substances,

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in consultation with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, develops standards to determine when a property contaminated by methamphetamine laboratory activity is safe for human occupancy.

The bill would require a local health officer to take specified actions after receiving notification from a law enforcement agency of potential contamination of property by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program by imposing new duties upon local agencies. The bill would authorize a local health officer to delegate all or part of the duties specified in the act to a designated local agency, as defined.

The bill would require a local health officer who determines, after conducting an inspection, that property is contaminated, to issue a specified order prohibiting use or occupancy and to post the order on the property, as specified. The bill would require the local health officer to record with the county recorder a lien and the issued order on the property.

The bill would require a property owner who receives an order that property owned by that person is contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, or a property owner who owns property that is the subject of an order, to take specified actions, including vacating occupants and retaining a methamphetamine laboratory site remediation firm that is an authorized contractor certified by the State Department of Health Services (department), pursuant to procedures specified in the act.

The bill would also require the property owner or the property owner's authorized contractor to submit a preliminary site assessment (PSA) work plan to the local health officer for review. The bill would require the local health officer to inform the property owner or contractor in writing of any deficiencies in the PSA work plan. The bill would require a property owner or authorized contractor to prepare and submit a PSA report to the local health officer after the completion of the preliminary site assessment and would require the property owner to complete remediation no later than 90 days after the date that the property owner receives the order, or no later than 95 days after the date of posting of the order on the property, whichever date is later, except as extended by the local health officer.

The bill would require a local health officer to issue a no further action determination if the local health officer determines *that* remediation is not required at a property, based on the PSA report or,

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if the site has been remediated, as specified. The bill would require the local health officer to record with the county recorder a release of the lien recorded pursuant to this bill and a release stating the property was remediated, as required, and is habitable, if he or she determines that remediation is not required at the property or the property has been remediated, as specified. The bill would require a property owner who has not received a "no further action determination" to notify prospective buyers and tenants, as specified.

The bill would allow a city-or, county, or city and county to either remediate property that is not remediated in compliance with an order issued pursuant to the act, or seek a court order to require the property owner to remediate the property. The bill would also allow a city or county to remediate property for which the local health officer is unable to locate the property owner. The bill would require a property owner to be liable for, and pay the city or county for, all costs related to the remediation, if a city-or, county, or city and county elects to remediate the contaminated property. The bill would authorize the city, county, or city and county to imposed a nuisance abatement lien if the property owner fails to pay for the costs of remediation.

The bill would require a local health officer to establish a written plan outlining the procedures to be followed for conducting remediation to property for purposes of the act, including the preparation of a PSA work plan, the conduct of a preliminary site assessment to determine the extent and level of contamination in accordance with that PSA work plan, and the preparation of a PSA report containing the results of the preliminary site assessment and recommended remedial actions.

The bill would require the department, by January 1, 2007, to adopt regulations establishing performance standards for contractors, and would prohibit a person, after July 1, 2007, from performing any remediation activities pursuant to the act, including any decontamination, demolition, or disposal, unless the person is an authorized contractor, as defined.

The bill would provide for the imposition of a civil penalty upon a property owner who does not provide a notice or disclosure required by the act, or upon a person who violates an order issued by the local health officer prohibiting the use or occupancy of a property contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity.

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The bill would also impose liability for specified costs regarding testing, remediation, and administrative enforcement and oversight upon a property owner who receives an order.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 6.9.1 (commencing with Section 25400.10) is added to Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code, to read:

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CHAPTER 6.9.1. METHAMPHETAMINE CONTAMINATED PROPERTY CLEANUP ACT OF 2005

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Article 1. Findings and Definitions:

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25400.10. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (1) Methamphetamine use and production is growing throughout the state. Properties are being may be contaminated by hazardous chemicals used or produced in the manufacture of methamphetamine where those chemicals remain and where the contamination has not been remediated.
- (2) Initial cleanup actions are may be limited to the removal of bulk hazardous materials and associated glassware that pose an immediate threat to public health and the environment. Where methamphetamine production has occurred, significant levels of contamination will be found throughout residential properties may be found throughout residential properties if the contamination is not remediated.

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(3) Once methamphetamine laboratories have been closed, innocent members of the public may be harmed by the materials and residues that remain when these contaminated properties either lay vacant, are rented, or sold.

- (4) There is no statewide standardization of standards for determining when a site of a closed methamphetamine laboratory has been successfully remediated.
- (b) This chapter shall be known, and may be cited as, the "Methamphetamine Contaminated Property Cleanup Act of 2005."
- 25400.11. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) (1) On and after July 1, 2007 "authorized contractor" means a person who is certified by the department pursuant to Section 25400.40.
- (2) On and before June 30, 2007, "authorized contractor" means a person who is a professional engineer registered in this state pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 6700) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code or who is a certified industrial hygienist pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 20700) of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (b) "Certificate" means a written approval issued by the department pursuant to this chapter.
- (c) "Certified" means a person to whom the department issues a written approval under this chapter.
- (d) "Contaminated" or "contamination" means property polluted by a hazardous chemical so that the property is unfit for human habitation or use due to immediate or long-term hazards.
- (e) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as defined in Section 11007.
- (f) "Decontamination" means the process of reducing the level of a known contaminant to a level that is deemed safe for human reoccupancy, as established pursuant to Section 25400.15 or 25400.16, as applicable, using currently available methods and processes.
- 37 (g) "Department" mean the State Department of Health 38 Services.
- 39 (h) "Designated local agency" means a county or city city, 40 county or city and county agency designated by the local health

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officer to carry out all, or any portion of, responsibilities assigned to the local health officer as specified by this chapter. The local health officer may authorize any of the following to serve as a designated local agency:

- (1) The certified unified program agency or CUPA, for that eity or county, as certified pursuant to Chapter 6.11 (commencing with Section 25404).
- (2) The fire department or environmental health department of that city or county.
- (3) The local agency responsible for enforcement of the State Housing Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 17910) of Division 13).
- (i) "Disposal of contaminated property" means the disposal of property that is a hazardous waste in accordance with Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100).
- (j) "Hazardous chemical" means a chemical that is believed by the chief of a law enforcement agency or a determined by the local health officer, or his or her designee, to be toxic, carcinogenic, explosive, corrosive, or flammable, and that is believed by the chief of the law enforcement agency or local health officer, or his or her designee, to have been that was used or intended to have, been used in the manufacture or storage of methamphetamine that is prohibited by Section 11383.
- (k) "Illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site" or "site" means property where a person manufactures methamphetamine or stores methamphetamine or a hazardous chemical; or property on which a law enforcement agency, a local health officer, or the property owner believes that a person manufactured methamphetamine or stored methamphetamine or a hazardous chemical at the property; and this manufacture or storage is prohibited by Section 11383. used in connection with the manufacturing or storage and in violation of Section 11383.
- (*l*) "Local health officer" means a county health officer, city health officer, or county director of environmental health, or an authorized representative of that local health officer.
- (m) "Methamphetamine laboratory activity" means an activity that is conducted at an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site.
- 39 (n) "Office" means the Office of Environmental Health 40 Hazard Assessment.

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(o) "Posting" means attaching a written or printed announcement conspicuously on property that is suspected to be, or is determined to be, determined to be contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity or the storage of methamphetamine or a hazardous chemical.

- (p) "Preliminary site assessment work plan" or "PSA work plan" means a plan to conduct activities to determine the extent and level of contamination of a suspected an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site and that is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 25400.36.
- (q) "Preliminary site assessment" or "PSA" mean the activities taken to determine the extent and level of contamination of a suspected an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site that is conducted in accordance with an approved PSA work plan.
- (r) "Preliminary site assessment report" or "PSA report" means a determination that the levels of contamination at a suspected an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site require remediation, including a recommendation for the remedial actions required for the site to meet human occupancy standards, and that is prepared in accordance with Section 25400.37.
- (s) "Property" means any site, lot, parcel of land, structure, or part of a structure involved in where the manufacture of methamphetamine or storage of methamphetamine or a hazardous chemical that is prohibited by Section 11383, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- 29 (1) A single-family residence, a residential unit or multiplex, a 30 condominium, or an apartment building.
- 31 (2) A motel or hotel.

- 32 (3) A boat, motor vehicle, or trailer.
 - (4) Manufactured housing.
- 34 (5) A ship, booth, or garden.
- 35 (6) Any site, lot, parcel of land, structure, or part of structure that may be contaminated by a previous use, including, but not
- 37 limited to, a mobile home or recreational space park.
- 38 occurred, including, manufactured housing and mobilehome.

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(t) "Property owner" means a person with a lawful right of possession of owning real property by reason of obtaining it by purchase, exchange, gift, lease, inheritance, or legal action.

- (u) "Storage site" means any property used for the storage of a hazardous chemical or methamphetamine that is prohibited by Section 11383.
- (v) "Warning" means a sign posted by the local health officer eonspicuously on the site of an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site informing potential occupants that hazardous chemicals may exist on, or have been removed from, conspicuously on property where methamphetamine was manufactured or stored, informing occupants that hazardous chemicals exist on the premises and that entry is unsafe.
- 25400.12. Any term not defined expressly by this article shall have the same meaning as defined in Chapter 6.8 (commencing with Section 25300).

Article 2. Establishment of Remediation and Re-occupancy Standards

25400.15. (a) On or before July 1, 2006, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment shall establish a research program to do all of the following:

- (1) Identify hazardous chemicals that are used in methamphetamine laboratory activities and that are toxic, earcinogenic, explosive, corrosive, or flammable.
- (2) Develop standards to determine when a property contaminated by methamphetamine laboratory activity is safe for human occupancy.
- (b) On or before January 1, 2007, the Department of Toxic Substances Control in consultation with the office, shall adopt regulations establishing practical and cost-effective guidelines and procedures for doing both of the following:
- (1) Preliminary site assessment criteria for a property contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, including development of a sample and analysis plan.
 - (2) Cleanup and remediation.
- 25400.16. Until the effective date of the regulations required to be adopted pursuant to Section 25400.15, if a suspected Until such time as the Department of Toxic Substances Control, in

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consultation with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, develops standards to determine when a property contaminated by methamphetamine laboratory activity is safe for human occupancy, if methamphetamine laboratory activity has taken place at a property, the property is safe for human occupancy for purposes of this chapter only if all of the following standards are met with regard to that property:

- (a) A methamphetamine level that is less than, or equal to, 0.1 micro grams micrograms per 100 square centimeters.
- (b) A total level of lead that is less than, or equal to, 20 micro grams micrograms per square foot.
- (c) A level of mercury that is less than, or equal to, 50 nano grams nanograms per cubic meter in air.

Article 3. Local Health Officer Responsibilities

25400.17. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law, a city, county, or city and county shall comply with the uniform regulations and standards established pursuant to this chapter.

- (b) A local health officer may delegate all or part of the duties specified in this chapter to a designated local agency.
- (b) If a suspected methamphetamine laboratory activity has taken place at a property, the local health officer and any employee, representative, or contractor of a state or local agency shall assume that the methamphetamine manufacturing process has led to some degree of chemical contamination within the structure, and possibly the surrounding property, and take action pursuant to this chapter.
- (c) If a methamphetamine laboratory activity has taken place at a property, the local health officer shall assume that the methamphetamine manufacturing process has led to some degree of chemical contamination and shall take action pursuant to this chapter.
- 25400.18. Within three working days 48 hours after receiving notification from a law enforcement agency of potential contamination of property by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, the local health officer shall post a written notice in a prominent location on the premises of the property. As At a minimum, the notice shall include all of the following information:

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1 (a) The word "WARNING" is in large bold type at the top and 2 bottom of the notice.

- (b) A statement that a methamphetamine laboratory was seized on the property.
 - (c) The date of the seizure.

- (d) The address or location of the property including the identification of any dwelling unit, room number, apartment number, or vehicle or boat identification number or mobilehome or manufactured home identification number.
- (e) The name and contact telephone number of the agency posting the property.
- (f) A statement specifying that hazardous substances, toxic chemicals, or other hazardous waste products may be still are present on the property.
- (g) A statement that it is unlawful for an unauthorized person to enter the contaminated portion of the property until advised that it is safe to do so by the local health officer or designated local agency.
- (h) A statement that a person disturbing or destroying the posted notice is subject to a civil penalty in an amount of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- (i) A statement that a person violating the posted notice is subject to a civil penalty in an amount of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 25400.19. Within 10 five working days after receiving a notification from a law enforcement agency of potential contamination of a property by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, or upon notification from the property owner, the local health officer shall inspect the property pursuant to this section.
- (a) The property inspection shall include, but not be limited to, obtaining evidence of hazardous chemical use or storage and documentation of evidence of any chemical stains, cooking activity and release or spillage of hazardous chemicals *used to manufacture methamphetamine*.
- (b) In conducting an inspection pursuant to this section, the local health officer may request copies of any law enforcement reports, forensic chemist reports, and any hazardous waste manifests, to evaluate all of the following:
- 39 (1) The length of time the property was used as an illegal 40 methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site.

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(2) The extent of the property actually used and contaminated in the manufacture of methamphetamine or the storage of methamphetamine or a hazardous chemical.

- (3) The chemical process that was involved in the illegal methamphetamine manufacturing.
 - (4) The chemicals that were removed from the scene.
- (5) The location of the illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site in relation to the habitable areas of the property.
- 25400.20. (a) Upon completing an inspection pursuant to Section 25400.19, the local health officer shall *immediately* determine whether the property is contaminated.
- (b) If the local health officer determines the property is contaminated, the local health officer shall *immediately* take the actions specified in Section 25400.21.
- (c) If the local health officer determines that the property is not contaminated, within 10 three working days after making that determination, the local health officer shall remove all notices posted pursuant to Section 25400.18 and prepare a written documentation of this determination, which shall include all of the following:
 - (1) Findings and conclusions.

- (2) Name of the property owner, and, if applicable, mailing and street address of the property, or vehicle identification number or license number, if applicable.
 - (3) Parcel identification number, if applicable.
- (d) Within 10 working days after preparing a written documentation of the determination made pursuant to subdivision (c) that the property is not contaminated, the local health officer shall provide a copy of the written determination to the county recorder, who shall file that information with the property record, and send a copy of the determination to the property owner, to shall send a copy of the documentation to the property owner, to the local agency responsible for the State Housing Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 17910) of Division 13, and to the department.
- 25400.21. If a *the* local health officer determines that property is contaminated pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 25400.20, the local health officer shall notify the department in

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writing within 10 working days after the date of that determination. This notification shall include all of the following:

- (a) Description of the findings and conclusions.
- (b) Name of the property owner, and mailing and street address, including ZIP Code and county of the property owner.
- (c) Description of the property, including mailing and street address of the property.
 - (d) Parcel identification number, if applicable.
- (e) Vehicle identification number or license number, if applicable.

(f)-

(e) Date the property was determined to be contaminated.

(g)

- (f) A determination as to whether an authorized contractor is required for decontamination.
- 25400.22. (a) No later than 10 working days after the date when a local health officer determines that property is contaminated pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 25400.20, the local health officer shall issue an order pursuant to this section prohibiting use or occupancy. officer shall do both of the following:
- (1) Record with the county recorder a lien on the property. The lien shall specify all of the following:
- (A) The name of the agency on whose behalf the lien is imposed.
- (B) The date on which the property is determined to be contaminated.
 - (C) The legal description assessor's parcel number.
 - (D) The record owner of the property.
- (E) The amount of the lien, which shall be ____ or the costs incurred by the local health officer in compliance with this chapter, including, but not limited to, the cost of inspection performed pursuant to Section 25400.20 and the county recorder's fee.
- (2) Issue to persons specified in subdivisions (c), (e), and (f) an order prohibiting the use or occupancy of the property.
- *(b)* The county recorder's fees for recording and indexing 38 documents provided for in this subdivision shall be in the amount 39 specified in Section 27361 of the Government Code.

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(c) The lien recorded pursuant to subdivision (a) shall have the force, effect, and priority of a judgement lien. The local health officer shall not release the lien until both of the following occur:

- (1) The property owner satisfies the lien.
- (2) The local health officer issues a release pursuant to Section 25400.27.

(a)

- (d) Except as otherwise specified in this section, an order issued pursuant to this section shall be served, either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to all known occupants of the property and to all persons who have an interest in the property, as shown upon the records of the recorder's office of the county in which the property is located.
 - (b) If the whereabouts of a person described in subdivision (a)
- (e) If the whereabouts of the person described in subdivision (d) are unknown and cannot be ascertained by the local health officer, in the exercise of reasonable diligence, and the local health officer makes an affidavit to that effect, the local health officer shall serve the order by personal service or by mailing a copy of the order by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, as follows:
- (1) The order shall be served to each person at the address appearing on the last equalized tax assessment roll of the county where the property is located, and to all occupants of the affected unit.
- (2) The order shall be served at the address known to the county recorder.
 - (c) Except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e), the local
- (f) Except as provided in subdivision (g), the local health officer shall also mail a copy of the order required by this section to the address of each person or party having a recorded right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the property and to the association of common interest development as defined in Section 1351 of the Civil Code.
- (d) If the affected property is a motor vehicle, motorhome, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer, the order issued by the local health officer shall be served, either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to all known persons having an interest in the property, including owners and holders of liens or

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security interests against the property, as shown upon the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

(e) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (d), if the affected property is a mobile home or recreational vehicle in a space rental park, the order issued by the local health officer shall also be served, either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the owner of the space rental park.

(f)

- (h) The order issued pursuant to this section shall include all of the following information:
 - (1) A description of the property;
 - (2) The parcel identification number, if applicable;
- (3) The vehicle identification number or license number, if applicable.
- (4) A description of the local health officer's intended course of action.
- (5) A specification of the penalties for noncompliance with the order.
- (6) A prohibition on the use of all or portions of the property as long as the property is that are contaminated.
- (7) A description of the measures the property owner is required to take to decontaminate the property.
 - (8) An indication of the potential health hazards involved.
- (9) A statement that a property owner who fails to provide a notice or disclosure that is required by this chapter is subject to a civil penalty of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

(g)

(i) The local health officer shall provide a copy of the order to the local building or code enforcement agency or other appropriate agency responsible for the *enforcement of the* State Housing Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 17910) of Division 13).

33 (h)

(j) The local health officer shall post the order in a 35 conspicuous place on the property within one working day of the 36 date that the order is issued.

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Article 4. Site Assessment and Remediation

- 25400.25. (a)—A property owner who receives an order issued pursuant to Section 25400.22 that property owned by that person is contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, a property owner who owns property that is the subject of an order posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, and a person occupying property that is the subject of the order, shall take the following actions with regard to the property identified in the order or subject to that posting:
- (1) Upon receiving the order, or following the posting of the property, the property owner shall promptly act to vacate all occupants from those parts of a structure or property identified by the order to be contaminated by the methamphetamine laboratory activity, including, but not limited to, a dwelling, building, motor vehicle, trailer, boat, appliance, or any other affected area or location.
- (2) No later than 10 days after the date of the posting, a person occupying property that is the subject of an order posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22 shall vacate those parts of the structure or property identified in the order.
- (3) No later than 10 days after receiving the order, or following the date of posting, the property owner shall notify the local health officer that the affected parts of the dwelling, building, or motor vehicle have been and will remain vacated and secured:
- (4)— immediately vacate the affected unit that is determined to be in a hazardous zone by the local health officer. No later than 30 days after receipt of the order, or no later than 35 days following the date of posting of the order on the property, the property owner shall demonstrate to the local health officer that the property owner has retained a methamphetamine laboratory site remediation firm that is an authorized contractor certified pursuant to Section 25400.40.
- (b) If after five working days following the serving of an order to a property owner pursuant to Section 25400.22, or after 10 working days of the date the order is posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, the local health officer is unable to obtain a reasonable assurance or plan from the property owner or occupant that the property is being properly vacated,

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1 eleaned, or remediated, the local health officer shall do all of the2 following:

- (1) Provide a copy of the order to the county recorder of the county where the property is located and to the lien and mortgage holders of the affected structure and property. The county recorder may file that information with the property record.
- (2) Provide a copy of the order to the Department of Motor Vehicles and the holders of liens or security interests against the vehicle, boat, or trailer when the affected property is a motor vehicle, motorhome, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer.
- 25400.26. (a) A property owner who receives an order issued pursuant to Section 25400.22 that property owned by that person is contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity, or a property owner who owns property that is the subject of an order posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, shall utilize the services of an authorized contractor to remediate the contamination caused by the methamphetamine laboratory activity, in accordance with the procedures specified in this section.
- (b) The property owner shall keep all required records documenting decontamination procedures.
- (b) The property owner and the local health officer shall keep all required records documenting decontamination procedures for three years following certification that the property is habitable.
- (c) The property owner or the property owner's authorized contractor shall submit a preliminary site assessment work plan to the local health officer for review.
- (d) (1) No later than 10 working days after the date the PSA work plan is submitted by the property owner or authorized eontractor, the local health officer shall review the PSA work plan to determine whether the PSA work plan complies with this chapter, including the procedures established pursuant to Section 25400.35.
- (2) If there are any deficiencies in a submitted PSA work plan, the local health officer shall inform the property owner or and authorized contractor, in writing, of those deficiencies no later than 15 days of the date that the PSA work plan was submitted to the local health officer.

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(3) If the local health officer approves the plan, the local health officer shall inform in writing, the property owner or and authorized contractor no later than 15 days of the date that the PSA work plan was submitted to the local health officer.

- (e) (1) After a preliminary site assessment *PSA* is completed in accordance with the PSA work plan, the property owner or and authorized contractor shall prepare a PSA report in accordance with Section 25400.37 and submit the PSA report to the local health officer.
- (2) If after a preliminary site assessment *PSA* is completed in accordance with a PSA work plan, and the local health officer, upon review of the PSA report determines there is no level of contamination at a site that requires remediation, the local health officer shall take the actions specified in Section 25400.27.
- (f) The property owner shall complete remediation of all applicable portions of the contaminated property in accordance with this chapter no later than 90 days after the date that the property owner receives the order issued pursuant to Section 25400.22, or no later than 95 days after the date of posting on the property pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, whichever date is later. A local health officer may extend the PSA work plan has been approved by the local health officer. The local health officer may extend the date for completion remediation, in writing.
- 25400.27. If a local health officer determines that property that has been the subject of a PSA report has been remediated in accordance with this chapter, or if the local health officer makes the determination specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of Section 25400.26, the local health officer shall issue a no further action determination and, within 10 working days of that date of making the determination, do all of the following:
- (a) Record a release for reuse document in the real property records of the county recorder where the property is located, and submit a notice to the lien and mortgage holders of the affected structure and properties, indicating that the property was remediated in accordance with this chapter.
- (a) Release the lien recorded with the county recorder pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 25400.22.
- (b) Send a copy of the release stating the property was remediated in accordance with this chapter and is habitable to

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the property owner, local agency responsible for the enforcement of the State Housing Law (Part 1.5 (commencing with Section 17910) of Division 13, and the department, and all recipients pursuant to this section and Section 25400.22.

- (c) Notify the Department of Motor Vehicles and the holders of liens or security interests against the property, if the affected property is a motor vehicle, motor home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer.
- 25400.28. Until a property owner subject to Section 25400.25 receives a notice from a local health officer pursuant to Section 25400.27 that the property identified in an order requires no further action, all of the following shall apply to that property:
- (a) No later than five days after a prospective buyer signs a contract to purchase the property identified in the order, the property owner shall notify the prospective buyer in writing of all methamphetamine laboratory activities that have taken place on the property, and provide the prospective buyer with a copy of the order. The prospective buyer shall acknowledge receipt of the notice and order and may cancel the real estate purchase contract within five days after receiving the notice and order, and shall not be subject to any liability or damages for cancelling the purchase. If the property owner does not comply with this subdivision, the buyer may void the purchase contract.
- (b) The property owner or the property owners's agents shall provide written notice to all prospective tenants for a dwelling unit or other property of all methamphetamine laboratory activities that have taken place in, or that have impacted the dwelling unit or property, and shall provide the prospective tenant buyer with a copy of the order. The prospective tenant shall acknowledge receipt of the notice and order before taking possession of the dwelling unit or before signing a rental agreement for the dwelling unit or property. The notice shall be attached to the rental agreement. If the property owner or his or her agent do not comply with this subdivision, the prospective tenant may void the rental agreement.
- (a) Except as otherwise agreed to by contract with the times specified in Article 1.5(commencing with Section 1102) of Chapter 2 of Title 4 of Part 4 of Division 1 of the Civil Code, the property owner shall notify the prospective buyer in writing of the pending order, and provide the prospective buyer with a copy

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of the pending order. The prospective buyer shall acknowledge, in writing, the receipt of a copy of the pending order.

- (b) The property owner shall provide written notice to all prospective tenants that have completed an application to rent an affected dwelling unit or other property of the remediation order, and shall provide the prospective tenant with a copy of the order. The prospective tenant shall acknowledge, in writing, the receipt of the notice and pending order before signing a rental agreement. The notice shall be attached to the rental agreement. If the property owner does not comply with this subdivision, the prospective tenant may void the rental agreement.
- (c) If a motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home was the subject of the order issued by the local health officer pursuant to Section 25400.22 or the subject of a notice posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, the motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home shall not be sold or rented until the owner notifies the owner's agent, the prospective buyer, or tenant, in writing of all methamphetamine laboratory activities that have taken place in the motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home and the prospective buyer or tenant is provided with a copy of the order.
- (1) If the motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home is subject to a sale, the prospective buyer shall acknowledge receipt of the notice and a copy of the order specified in this subdivision before taking possession of the motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home and may cancel the purchase contract within five days after receiving the notice.
- (2) If the motor vehicle, mobile home, recreational vehicle, boat, or trailer mobilehome or manufactured home is subject to a rental, the notice and order specified in this subdivision shall be attached to the rental agreement.
- (3) If the owner does not comply with the requirements of this subdivision, a prospective tenant may void the rental agreement and a prospective buyer may void the purchase agreement.

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Article 5. Remediation of Contaminated Property by a City or County

25400.30. (a) If a property owner does not initiate or complete the remediation of property in compliance with an order issued by a local health officer pursuant to this chapter, the eity or county in which the property is located may take action to city, county, or city and county in which the property is located may, at their discretion, take action to remediate the residually contaminated portion of the property pursuant to this article or may seek a court order to require the property owner to remediate the property in compliance with this chapter.

- (b) If a local health officer is unable to locate a property owner, including an owner of a mobile home or recreational vehicle space park, within 10 days after the date the local health officer issues an order pursuant to Section 25400.22, the city or county, or city and county in which the property is located may remediate the property in accordance with this article. The city or county or its contractors may remove contaminated property as part of this remediation activity.
- (c) If a city or, county, or city and county elects to remediate contaminated property pursuant to this article, the property owner is liable for, and shall pay the city or county for, all actual costs related to the remediation, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Posting and physical security of the contaminated site.
- (2) Notification of affected people, businesses or any other entity.
- (3) All Actual expenses related to the recovery of cost, laboratory fees, cleanup services, removal costs, and administrative and filing fees.
- (d) If a property owner does not pay the city or, county, or city and county for the costs of remediation specified in subdivision (c), the city or, county, or city and county may file a lien against the property for the record a nuisance abatement lien pursuant to Section 38773.1 of the Government Code against the property for the actual costs related to the remediation or bring an action against the property owner for the remediation costs.

Article 6. Requirements for Property Assessment and Cleanup

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1 25400.35. A local health officer shall establish a written plan 2 consistent with this chapter outlining the procedures to be followed for conducting a the remediation to property for 4 purposes of this chapter. The procedures shall comply with this article and any regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, and shall include, but not limited to, procedures for the preparation of a preliminary site assessment work plan, the conduct of a preliminary site assessment to determine the extent and level of contamination, in accordance with that PSA work plan, and the 10 preparation of a PSA report containing the results of the 11 preliminary site assessment and recommendations 12 remediation to meet the occupancy standards specified in Section 13 25400.15 or 252400.16, as applicable.

25400.36. The PSA work plan shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(a) The physical location of the property.

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- (b) A summary of the information obtained from law enforcement, the local health officer, and other involved local agencies. The summary shall include a discussion of the information's relevance to the contamination, including areas suspected of being contaminated, and may include all of the following information:
- (1) Duration of laboratory operation and number of batches cooked or processed.
- (2) Drugs *Hazardous chemicals* known to have been manufactured.
 - (3) Recipes and methods used.
- (4) Chemicals and equipment found, by location, used in connection with the manufacture or storage of the hazardous chemicals.
 - (5) Location of contaminated cooking and storage areas.
- (6) Visual assessment of the severity of contamination inside and outside of the structure where the laboratory was located.
- (7) Assessment of contamination of adjacent rooms, units, apartments or structures.
- (8) Disposal methods observed at or near the site, including dumping, burning, burial, venting, or drain disposal.
- 38 (9) A comparison of the chemicals on the manifest with 39 known methods of manufacture in order to identify other 40 potential contaminants.

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 (10) A determination as to whether the methamphetamine manufacturing method included the use of chemicals containing mercury or lead, including lead acetate, mercuric chloride, mercuric nitrate.

- (c) A description of the areas to be sampled and the basis for the selection of the areas. This element of the PSA work plan shall also document the decision process used in determining not to sample particular areas. The PSA work plan shall consider both primary and secondary areas of concern.
- (1) The primary areas of concern included in the work plan shall include all the following areas:
- (A) Any area that has obvious staining caused by the use or manufacture of hazardous chemicals.
- (B) Any processing or cooking area, with contamination caused by spills, boil-overs, explosions, or by chemical fumes and gases created during cooking. The area may include floors, walls, ceilings, glassware, and containers, working surfaces, furniture, carpeting, draperies and other textile products, plumbing fixtures and drains, heating and air conditioning vents.
- (C) Any disposal area, including such indoor areas as sinks, toilets, bathtubs, plumbing traps and floor drains, vents, vent fans, and chimney flues and such outdoor areas that may be contaminated by dumping or burning on or near soil, surface water, groundwater, sewer or storm systems, septic systems, and cesspools.
- (D) Chemical storage areas that may be contaminated by spills, leaks or open containers.
- (2) The secondary areas of concern shall include all of the following:
- (A) Any location where contamination may have migrated, including hallways or other high traffic areas.
- (B) Common areas in multiple dwellings, and adjacent apartments or rooms, including floors, walls, ceilings, furniture, carpeting, light fixtures, blinds, draperies and other textile products.
- (C) Common ventilation or plumbing systems in hotels and multiple dwellings.
- 38 (d) Sampling protocols, analytical methods and laboratories to use and their relevant certifications or accreditations.

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(e) A description of areas and items that will be remediated in lieu of sampling, if any.

25400.37. After a preliminary site assessment is completed in accordance with the PSA work plan, a PSA report shall be prepared and submitted to the local health officer. The PSA report shall be thorough and specific in reporting findings and recommendations and shall include all of the following:

- (a) The location of the site, including the street address and mailing address of the contaminated property, the owner of record and mailing address, legal description, and clear directions for locating the property.
- (b) A site map, including a diagram of the contaminated property. The diagram shall include floor plans of affected buildings and local drinking water wells and nearby streams or other surface waters, if potentially impacted, and shall show the location of damage and contamination and the location of sampling points used in the preliminary site assessment. All sampling point locations shall be keyed to the sampling results and remediation recommendations.
- (c) A description of the sampling methods and analytical protocols used in the preliminary site assessment.
 - (d) A description of the sampling results.
- (e) Information regarding the background samples and results obtained.
- (f) Specific recommendations, including methods, for remedial actions required to meet the human occupancy standards specified in Section 25400.15 or 25400.16, as applicable, including, but not limited to, any required decontamination, demolition, or disposal.
- (g) A plan for post remediation site assessment, including specific sampling requirements and methodologies, and locations at which samples are to be obtained.
- 25400.38. The PSA report shall be signed and notarized by the contractor responsible for the completion of the preliminary site assessment.

Article 7. Certification of Contractors

25400.40. (a) On and after July 1, 2007, a person shall not perform remediation pursuant to this chapter, including any

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decontamination, demolition, or disposal, unless the person is issued a certificate as an authorized contractor by the department.

- (b) On and after July 1, 2007, a person may advertise, offer to undertake, or perform remediation pursuant to this chapter, including, decontamination, demolition, or disposal work at an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site only after the person secures a certificate as an authorized contractor from the department.
- (c) On or before January 1, 2007, the department shall adopt regulations establishing performance standards for authorized contractors.
- (d) The department may train and test, or may approve courses to train and test, a contractor and a contractor's employees on the essential elements in assessing property used as an illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site to determine hazard reduction measures needed, techniques for adequately reducing contaminants, use of personal protective equipment, methods for proper decontamination, demolition, removal, and disposal of contaminated property, and relevant federal and state regulations. Upon successful completion of the training, the department shall certify the contractor or employee of the contractor.
- (e) The department may require a contractor to successfully complete annual refresher courses provided or approved by the department for the continued certification of the contractor or employee of the contractor.
- (f) The department shall provide for reciprocal certification of an individual trained to engage in remediation of illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage sites, including decontamination, demolition, or disposal work in another state, if the prior training is shown to be substantially similar to the training required by the department. The department may require that individual to take an examination or refresher course before certification.
- (g) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate for failure to comply with this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter. The department may also deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate on any of the following grounds:

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(1) Failure to perform remediation, including decontamination, demolition, or disposal work, under the supervision of trained personnel.

- (2) Failure to perform work that meets the requirements of the department.
- (3) Performing work under certification that was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or fraud.

25400.41. The department may impose a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each violation upon a contractor who violates this chapter. Each day the violation continues shall be considered a separate violation.

25400.42. The department shall require the payment of a fee for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations, and for the review of training courses in accordance with all of the following:

- (a) The department shall set the fee to cover the cost of administering this article, including reproduction, necessary staff travel, and administrative and legal support costs.
- (b) A fee submitted to the department pursuant to this article is nonrefundable and shall be paid in the form of a check or money order made payable to the department.
- (c) The department shall require the payment of any necessary fee upon receipt of the contractor's application for an initial certification or the renewal of a certification.

25400.43. The department shall maintain a list of authorized illegal methamphetamine manufacturing or storage site decontamination contractors. The department's authorized contractor list shall be made available to local health officials and other appropriate agencies semiannually and to the public upon request.

Article 8. Enforcement and Liability

25400.45. (a) A property owner who does not provide a notice or disclosure required by this chapter is subject to a civil penalty in an amount of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000). A property owner shall also be assessed the full cost of all harm to public health or to the environment resulting from the property's owner's failure to comply with this chapter.

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(b) A person who violates an order issued by a local health officer pursuant to this chapter prohibiting the use or occupancy of a property contaminated by a methamphetamine laboratory activity is subject to a civil penalty in an amount of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

- 25400.46. (a) A property owner who receives an order issued by a local health officer pursuant to Section 25400.22, or a property owner who owns property that is the subject of a notice posted pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25400.22, is liable for, and shall pay all of the following costs *if it is determined that the property is contaminated*:
- (1) The cost of any testing conducted to demonstrate the presence or absence of a hazardous chemical.
- (2) Any cost related to maintaining records with regard to the property.
- (3) The cost of remediating the property, including any decontamination or disposal expenses.
- (4) Any *actual* cost incurred by the local health officer or any other local or state agency resulting from enforcing of this chapter and oversight of the implementation of the PSA work plan and the PSA report, with regard to that property.
- (b) A person who conducts a methamphetamine laboratory activity on or at property, and who is not the owner of that property, is liable for, and shall reimburse the owner of the property for, any cost the property owner may incur pursuant to subdivision (a).
- SEC. 2. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.